Design Development SUBMITTAL July 17, 2024

WOODLAWN LAKE PARK SPLASHPAD

1103 Cincinnati Ave. San Antonio, Texas

FPC #102401

Owner:

CITY OF SAN ANTONIO

100 West Houston Street City Tower San Antonio, Texas

Architects:

FORD POWELL & CARSON ARCHITECTS and PLANNERS, INC. 420 Broadway, Suite 100 San Antonio, Texas 78205



FORD POWELL CARSON

SECTION 00 0110 TABLE OF CONTENTS – TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

DIVISION 00 - PROCUREMENT AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

REFER TO THE GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR CITY OF SAN ANTONIO CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- 00 0107 DESIGN TEAM IDENTIFICATION Architect: Ford, Powell & Carson Architects & Planners, Inc. Electrical Engineering: CNG Engineering, PLLC Landscape Architecture / Irrigation Design: Rialto Studio, Inc. Construction Cost Estimating: AG|CM, Inc.
- 00 0110 TABLE OF CONTENTS

DIVISION 01 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- 01 1000 PROJECT SUMMARY
- 01 2000 PRICE AND PAYMENT PROCEDURES
- 01 2200 UNIT PRICES
- 01 3000 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS
- 01 3216 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULE
- 01 3510 SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR HISTORIC TREATMENT
- 01 3150 FACILITIES SERVICES COORDINATION
- 01 4000 QUALITY REQUIREMENTS
- 01 4205 REFERENCE STANDARDS
- 01 5000 TEMPORARY FACILITIES AND CONTROLS
- 01 5500 VEHICULAR ACCESS AND PARKING
- 01 5713 TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS
- 01 6000 PRODUCT REQUIREMENTS
- 01 7000 EXECUTION REQUIREMENTS AND CLOSEOUT REQUIREMENTS
- 01 7419 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT AND DISPOSAL
- 01 7820 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

DIVISION 02 - EXISTING CONDITIONS & SITEWORK (Not Used)

DIVISION 03 - CONCRETE (Not Used)

DIVISION 04 - MASONRY (Not Used)

- DIVISION 05 METALS (Not Used)
- DIVISION 06 WOOD, PLASTICS, AND COMPOSITES (Not Used)
- DIVISION 07 THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION 07 9200 - JOINT SEALANTS
- DIVISION 08 OPENINGS (Not Used)
- DIVISION 09 FINISHES (Not Used)
- DIVISION 10 SPECIALTIES (Not Used)
- DIVISION 11 EQUIPMENT (Not Used)
- **DIVISION 12 FURNISHINGS (Not Used)**

DIVISION 13 - SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION (Not Used)

DIVISION 21 - FIRE PROTECTION (Not Used)

DIVISION 22 – PLUMBING (Not Used)

DIVISION 23 - MECHANICAL (Not Used)

DIVISION 26 – ELECTRICAL

26 0001 - BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL

26 0519 - LOW VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS

26 0533 - RACEWAYS, BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

26 0553 – IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

26 0923 - LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES

26 2726 – WIRING DEVICES

DIVISION 27 – IT (Not Used)

DIVISION 31 – EARTHWORK (Not Used)

DIVISION 32 – EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS (Not Used)

DIVISION 33 - SITE UTILITIES (Not Used)

SECTION 07 9200 JOINT SEALANTS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Non-sag, gunnable joint sealants.
- B. Self-leveling pourable joint sealants.
- C. Joint backings and accessories.

1.02 REFERENCE STANDARDS

- A. ASTM C661 Standard Test Method for Indentation Hardness of Elastomeric-Type Sealants by Means of a Durometer; 2015.
- B. ASTM C794 Standard Test Method for Adhesion-In-Peel of Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2015a.
- C. ASTM C920 Standard Specification for Elastomeric Joint Sealants; 2018.
- D. ASTM C1087 Standard Test Method for Determining Compatibility of Liquid-Applied Sealants with Accessories Used in Structural Glazing Systems; 2016.
- E. ASTM C1193 Standard Guide for Use of Joint Sealants; 2016.
- F. ASTM C1248 Standard Test Method for Staining of Porous Substrate by Joint Sealants; 2008 (Reapproved 2012).
- G. ASTM C1311 Standard Specification for Solvent Release Sealants; 2014.
- H. ASTM C1330 Standard Specification for Cylindrical Sealant Backing for Use with Cold Liquid-Applied Sealants; 2002 (Reapproved 2013).
- I. ASTM C1521 Standard Practice for Evaluating Adhesion of Installed Weatherproofing Sealant Joints; 2013.
- J. ASTM D2240 Standard Test Method for Rubber Property--Durometer Hardness; 2015.
- K. SCAQMD 1168 Adhesive and Sealant Applications; 1989 (Amended 2017).
- 1.03 SUBMITTALS
 - A. See Section 01 3000 Administrative Requirements, for submittal procedures.
 - B. Product Data for Sealants: Submit manufacturer's technical data sheets for each product to be used, that includes the following.
 - 1. Physical characteristics, including movement capability, VOC content, hardness, cure time, and color availability.
 - 2. List of backing materials approved for use with the specific product.
 - 3. Substrates that product is known to satisfactorily adhere to and with which it is compatible.
 - 4. Substrates the product should not be used on.
 - 5. Substrates for which use of primer is required.
 - 6. Sample product warranty.
 - C. Product Data for Accessory Products: Submit manufacturer's technical data sheet for each product to be used, including physical characteristics, installation instructions, and recommended tools.

- D. Color Cards for Selection: Where sealant color is not specified, submit manufacturer's color cards showing standard colors available for selection.
- E. Preconstruction Laboratory Test Reports: Submit at least four weeks prior to start of installation.
- F. Installation Plan: Submit at least four weeks prior to start of installation.
- G. Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Plan: Submit at least two weeks prior to start of installation.
- H. Field Quality Control Plan: Submit at least two weeks prior to start of installation.
- I. Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Reports: Submit filled out Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Reports log within 10 days after completion of tests; include bagged test samples and photographic records.
- J. Installation Log: Submit filled out log for each length or instance of sealant installed.
- K. Field Quality Control Log: Submit filled out log for each length or instance of sealant installed, within 10 days after completion of inspections/tests; include bagged test samples and photographic records, if any.
- L. Mockups: Provide joint sealant application within mockups required in other sections identical to specified joint sealants and installation methods.

1.04 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the products specified in this section with minimum three years documented experience.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Company specializing in performing the work of this section and with at least three years of documented experience.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: Independent firm specializing in performing testing and inspections of the type specified in this section.
- D. Preconstruction Laboratory Testing: Arrange for sealant manufacturer(s) to test each combination of sealant, substrate, backing, and accessories.
 - 1. Adhesion Testing: In accordance with ASTM C794.
 - 2. Compatibility Testing: In accordance with ASTM C1087.
 - 3. Allow sufficient time for testing to avoid delaying the work.
 - 4. Deliver to manufacturer sufficient samples for testing.
 - 5. Report manufacturer's recommended corrective measures, if any, including primers or techniques not indicated in product data submittals.
 - 6. Testing is not required if sealant manufacturer provides data showing previous testing, not older than 24 months, that shows satisfactory adhesion, lack of staining, and compatibility.
- E. Installation Plan: Include schedule of sealed joints, including the following.
 - 1. Method to be used to protect adjacent surfaces from sealant droppings and smears, with acknowledgement that some surfaces cannot be cleaned to like-new condition and therefore prevention is imperative.
 - 2. Installation Log Form: Include the following data fields, with known information filled out.
 - a. Location on project.
 - b. Substrates.
 - c. Sealant used.
 - d. Stated movement capability of sealant.
 - e. Primer to be used or indicate as "No primer" used.
 - f. Size and actual backing material used.

- g. Date of installation.
- h. Name of installer.
- i. Actual joint width; provide space to indicate maximum and minimum width.
- j. Actual joint depth to face of backing material at centerline of joint.
- k. Air temperature.
- F. Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Plan: Include destructive field adhesion testing of one sample of each combination of sealant type and substrate, except interior acrylic latex sealants, and include the following for each tested sample.
 - 1. Identification of testing agency.
 - 2. Name(s) of sealant manufacturers' field representatives who will be observing
 - 3. Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Log Form: Include the following data fields, with known information filled out.
 - a. Test date.
 - b. Copy of test method documents.
 - c. Age of sealant upon date of testing.
 - d. Test results, modeled after the sample form in the test method document.
 - e. Indicate use of photographic record of test.
- G. Field Quality Control Plan:
 - 1. Visual inspection of entire length of sealant joints.
 - 2. Non-destructive field adhesion testing of sealant joints, except interior acrylic latex sealants.
 - 3. Field testing agency's qualifications.
 - 4. Field Quality Control Log Form: Show same data fields as on Preinstallation Field Adhesion Test Log, with known information filled out and lines for multiple tests per sealant/substrate combinations; include visual inspection and specified field testing; allow for possibility that more tests than minimum specified may be necessary.
- H. Field Adhesion Test Procedures:
 - 1. Allow sealants to fully cure as recommended by manufacturer before testing.
 - Prior to installing joint sealants, field test adhesion to joint substrates using ASTM C 1193 Method A. Verify adhesion is adequate. Modify joint preparation recommendations for failed joints and re-test. Submit written test report.

1.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Accept materials on site in manufacturer's unopened original packaging.
- B. Store primers and sealants in dry location with ambient temperature range of 60 to 80 deg. F (15 to 27deg. C).

1.06 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Do not install primers or sealants when atmospheric temperatures or joint surface temperatures are less than 40 deg. F (4 deg. C).
- 1.07 WARRANTY
 - A. See Section 01 7800 Closeout Submittals, for additional warranty requirements.
 - B. Correct defective work within a five-year period after Date of Substantial Completion.
 - C. Warranty: Include coverage for installed sealants and accessories that fail to achieve watertight seal, exhibit loss of adhesion or cohesion, or do not cure.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Non-Sag Sealants: Permits application in joints on vertical surfaces without sagging or slumping.
 - 1. Dow Corning Corporation: www.dowcorning.com/construction/#sle.
 - 2. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com.
 - 3. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
 - 4. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.
- B. Self-Leveling Sealants: Pourable or self-leveling sealant that has sufficient flow to form a smooth, level surface when applied in a horizontal joint.
 - 1. Dow Chemical Company: consumer.dow.com/en-us/industry/ind-buildingconstruction.html/#sle.
 - 2. Pecora Corporation: www.pecora.com.
 - 3. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
 - 4. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.

2.02 JOINT SEALANT APPLICATIONS

- A. Scope:
 - 1. Exterior Joints: Seal open joints, whether or not the joint is indicated on drawings, unless specifically indicated not to be sealed. Exterior joints to be sealed include, but are not limited to, the following items.
 - a. Wall expansion and control joints.
 - b. Joints between different exposed materials.
 - c. Openings below ledge angles in masonry.
 - 2. Do not seal the following types of joints.
 - a. Intentional weepholes in masonry.
 - b. Joints indicated to be treated with manufactured expansion joint cover or some other type of sealing device.
 - c. Joints where sealant is specified to be provided by manufacturer of product to be sealed.
 - d. Joints where installation of sealant is specified in another section.
- B. Type S Exterior Joints: Use non-sag non-staining silicone sealant, unless otherwise indicated.
- 2.03 JOINT SEALANTS GENERAL
 - A. Sealants and Primers: Provide products having lower volatile organic compound (VOC) content than indicated in SCAQMD 1168.

2.04 NONSAG JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Type M Non-Staining Silicone Sealant: <u>ASTM C920</u>, Grade NS, Uses M and A; not expected to withstand continuous water immersion or traffic.
 - 1. Movement Capability: Plus and minus 50 percent, minimum.
 - 2. Non-Staining To Porous Stone: Non-staining to light-colored natural stone when tested in accordance with ASTM C1248.
 - 3. Dirt Pick-Up: Reduced dirt pick-up compared to other silicone sealants.
 - 4. Hardness Range: 15 to 35, Shore A, when tested in accordance with ASTM C661.
 - 5. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
 - 6. Manufacturers:
 - a. Pecora Corporation; 898NST: www.pecora.com.

- b. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing; Spectrem 3: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
- c. Tremco; Tremsil 200: www.tremco.com
- d. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.
- B. Type S or M Polyurethane Sealant for Continuous Water Immersion: <u>ASTM C920</u>, Grade NS, Uses M and A; single or multi-component; explicitly approved by manufacturer for continuous water immersion; suitable for traffic exposure when recessed below traffic surface.
 - 1. Movement Capability: Plus and minus 35 percent, minimum.

2.05 SELF-LEVELING SEALANTS

- A. Type M Self-Leveling Polyurethane Sealant for Horizontal Expansion Joints: <u>ASTM</u> <u>C920</u>, Grade P, Uses T, M and O; multi-component; explicitly approved by manufacturer for horizontal expansion joints.
 - 1. Movement Capability: Plus and minus 25 percent, minimum.
 - 2. Hardness Range: 30 to 35, Shore A, when tested in accordance with ASTM C661.
 - 3. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard range.
 - 4. Tensile Strength: 200 to 250 psi (1.38 to 1.72 MPa) in accordance with ASTM D412.
 - 5. Manufacturers:
 - a. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing; THC-901: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
 - b. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.
- B. Type S Semi-Self-Leveling Polyurethane Sealant: Intended for expansion joints in sidewalks, swimming pool decks, plazas, floors and other horizontal surfaces with up to 6 percent slope.
 - 1. Composition: Single or multi-component.
 - 2. Hardness: 35 to 45, Shore A, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D2240.
 - 3. Color: To be selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard colors.
 - 4. Tensile Strength: 250 to 300 psi (1.72 to 2.07 MPa) in accordance with ASTM D412.
 - 5. Manufacturers:
 - a. Tremco Commercial Sealants & Waterproofing; Vulkem 445 SSL: www.tremcosealants.com/#sle.
 - b. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.
- 2.06 ACCESSORIES
 - A. Backer Rod: Cylindrical cellular foam rod with surface that sealant will not adhere to, compatible with specific sealant used, and recommended by backing and sealant manufacturers for specific application.
 - 1. Type for Joints Not Subject to Pedestrian or Vehicular Traffic: ASTM C1330; Type O - Open Cell Polyurethane.
 - Type for Joints Subject to Pedestrian or Vehicular Traffic: ASTM C1330; Type B - Bi-Cellular Polyethylene.
 - 3. Open Cell: 40 to 50 percent larger in diameter than joint width.
 - 4. Closed Cell and Bi-Cellular: 25 to 33 percent larger in diameter than joint width.
 - 5. Manufacturers:
 - a. Nomaco, Inc; HBR: www.nomaco.com/#sle.
 - b. Substitutions: See Section 01 6000 Product Requirements.

- B. Backing Tape: Self-adhesive polyethylene tape with surface that sealant will not adhere to and recommended by tape and sealant manufacturers for specific application.
- C. Masking Tape: Self-adhesive, nonabsorbent, non-staining, removable without adhesive residue, and compatible with surfaces adjacent to joints and sealants.
- D. Joint Cleaner: Non-corrosive and non-staining type, type recommended by sealant manufacturer; compatible with joint forming materials.
- E. Primers: Type recommended by sealant manufacturer to suit application; non-staining.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that joints are ready to receive work.
- B. Verify that backing materials are compatible with sealants.
- C. Verify that backer rods are of the correct size.
- D. Preinstallation Adhesion Testing: Install a sample for each test location indicated in the test plan.
 - 1. Test each sample as specified in PART 1 under QUALITY ASSURANCE article.
 - 2. Notify Architect of date and time that tests will be performed, at least 7 days in advance.
 - 3. Arrange for sealant manufacturer's technical representative to be present during tests.
 - 4. Record each test on Preinstallation Adhesion Test Log as indicated.
 - 5. If any sample fails, review products and installation procedures, consult manufacturer, or take whatever other measures are necessary to ensure adhesion; re-test in a different location; if unable to obtain satisfactory adhesion, report to Architect.
 - 6. After completion of tests, remove remaining sample material and prepare joint for new sealant installation.

3.02 PREPARATION

- A. Remove loose materials and foreign matter that could impair adhesion of sealant.
- B. Clean joints, and prime as necessary, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Perform preparation in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and ASTM C1193.
- D. Mask elements and surfaces adjacent to joints from damage and disfigurement due to sealant work; be aware that sealant drips and smears may not be completely removable.
- E. Concrete Floor Joints That Will Be Exposed in Completed Work: Test joint filler in inconspicuous area to verify that it does not stain or discolor slab.

3.03 INSTALLATION

- A. Perform work in accordance with sealant manufacturer's requirements for preparation of surfaces and material installation instructions.
- B. Perform installation in accordance with ASTM C1193.
- C. Measure joint dimensions and size joint backers to achieve the following, unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Width/depth ratio of 2:1.

- 2. Neck dimension no greater than 1/2 of the joint width.
- 3. Surface bond area on each side not less than 75 percent of joint width.
- D. Install bond breaker backing tape where backer rod cannot be used.
- E. Install sealant free of air pockets, foreign embedded matter, ridges, and sags, and without getting sealant on adjacent surfaces.
- F. Do not install sealant when ambient temperature is outside manufacturer's recommended temperature range, or will be outside that range during the entire curing period, unless manufacturer's approval is obtained and instructions are followed.
- G. Nonsag Sealants: Tool surface concave, unless otherwise indicated; remove masking tape immediately after tooling sealant surface.
- H. Concrete Floor Joint Filler: After full cure, shave joint filler flush with top of concrete slab.
- 3.04 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
 - A. Perform field quality control inspection/testing as specified in PART 1 under QUALITY ASSURANCE article.
 - B. Non-Destructive Adhesion Testing: If there are any failures in first 100 linear feet (30 linear m), notify Architect immediately.
 - C. Remove and replace failed portions of sealants using same materials and procedures as indicated for original installation.

SECTION 26 0001 BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. Drawings and Specifications
 - 1. Division 26 specifications are written in imperative and streamlined format. This imperative language is directed to the Contractor. The word "shall be" shall be included by inference where a colon (:) is used within sentences and phrases.
- C. Codes, Permits and Standards
 - 1. Comply with the most recently revised versions of applicable laws, rules, regulations, and ordinances of federal, state, and local utilities and authorities.
 - 2. Obtain all applicable permits, licenses and inspections and pay all fees charged by above authorities.
 - 3. Work shall comply with the local city codes and ordinances, the regulations of state authorities having lawful jurisdiction and the codes, statues and reference standards identified within these Specifications. None of the terms or provisions of the Drawings or specification shall be construed as waiving any of the rules, regulations, or requirements of these authorities. In the event of conflict between the Contract Documents and the local enforcing authority, the latter shall rule.
 - 4. Where alterations to and deviations from the Contract Documents are required to comply with interpretations of a Code Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ), report the requirements and secure approval before starting work. Contractor shall review any requested modifications with the Engineer and secure his approval before proceeding.
 - 5. Where Contract Document requirements are in excess of Code requirements and are permitted under the Code, the Contract Documents shall govern.

1.2 DEFINITIONS & ABBREVIATIONS

- A. Definitions
 - 1. Contract Documents Drawings and the project manual, including Specifications.
 - 2. Install: to set in place in position for service.
 - 3. Furnish: to supply.
 - 4. Provide: to install and furnish.
 - 5. City When used in an otherwise non-specific reference anywhere in the Contract documents, City is defined to refer to the local municipal authority governing the project address or the City who's ETJ includes the project address.
- B. Abbreviations
 - 1. ANSI American National Standards Institute.
 - 2. ASHRAE American Society of Heating, Refrigerating & Air-Conditioning Engineers
 - 3. EIA Electronic Industry Association.
 - 4. ETL Electrical Testing Laboratory.
 - 5. ETJExtra-Territorial Jurisdiction
 - 6. FM Factory Mutual
 - 7. IEEE Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers

26 0001 – BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL Page 1 of 10

- 8. IES Illuminating Engineering Society of North America
- 9. LPI Lightning Protection Institute.
- 10. NFPA National Fire Protection Association
- 11. NEC National Electric Code (NFPA-70)
- 12. NESC National Electric Safety Code
- 13. NECA National Electrical Contractor's Association
- 14. NEMA National Electrical Manufacturers Association
- 15. NETA InterNational Electrical Testing Association
- 16. NRTL Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory
- 17. OSHA Occupational Safety Health Administration (US Department of Labor)
- 18. UL Underwriters Laboratories

1.3 SUMMARY ORGANIZATION

- A. PART 1 of This Section Includes:
 - 1. Electrical Utilities and Service
 - 2. Electrical equipment coordination and installation.
 - 3. Submittal requirements.
- B. PART 2 of This Section Includes:
 - 1. Substitution requirements.
- C. PART 3 of This Section Includes:
 - 1. Common Requirements for Electrical Installation
 - 2. Electric wiring of motors and equipment
 - 3. Vibration Isolation
 - 4. Quality Assurance requirements.

1.4 ELECTRIC UTILITIES AND SERVICE

- A. Utilities: The Contract Documents reflect the general location and routing of existing and new utilities required for this project. Visit the site, and coordinate and confirm the exact requirements for new electrical services. Refer to Division 01. Electrical utilities and service entrance equipment exist at the site and are being demolished except as indicated on the drawings.
 - 1. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:
 - a. Notify the Owner's representative no fewer than (fourteen) (14) days in advance of proposed interruption of electric service.
 - b. Indicate method of providing temporary electric service.
 - c. Do not proceed with interruption of electric service without the Owner's representative's written permission.
 - 2. Temporary Services:
 - a. Provide temporary electrical service and electric power distribution and temporary lighting throughout the construction site. Install and maintain in accordance with National Electrical Code and OSHA requirements. Make arrangements with the serving utility for point of service for temporary electric service and pay costs for delivery to and use at the site.
 - b. Existing electrical distributions systems at the site may be utilized for temporary construction power. Submit to the Owner in writing, documents identifying the locations and anticipated maximum demand at

which power will be utilized, and obtain the Owner's approval, in writing, prior to connection and utilization.

1.5 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT COORDINATION AND INSTALLATION

- A. General: Refer to Division 1 for general coordination requirements applicable to the entire work. It is recognized that the Contract Documents are diagrammatic in showing certain physical relationships which must be established within the electrical work, and in its interface with other work including utilities and mechanical work and that such establishment is the exclusive responsibility of the Contractor. The Drawings show diagrammatically the sizes and locations of the various conduit and raceway systems and equipment items and the sizes of the major interconnecting distribution, without showing exact details as to elevations, offsets, control lines, and installation details. All major feeders 1-1/2" diameter and over shall be shown on site and floor plans.
 - 1. Arrange electrical work in a neat, plumb and straight well organized and workmanlike manner with services running parallel with primary lines of the building construction and with a minimum of 7' overhead clearance where possible. Maintain 4" clearance of other systems and 12" above ceiling.
 - 2. The Contractor shall carefully lay out his work at the site to conform to the architectural and structural conditions, to avoid obstructions and to provide proper grading of lines. Exact locations of outlets, apparatus and connections thereto shall be determined by reference to detail Drawings, equipment Drawings, roughing-in Drawings, etc., by measurements at the building and in cooperation with other Contractors and in all cases shall be subject to the approval of the Engineer. Relocations necessitated by the conditions at the site or directed by the Engineer shall be made without any additional cost to the Owner or Engineer.
 - 3. All conduit and boxes except those in the electrical service enclosure or where specifically designated herein, or on the Drawings, shall be installed concealed. Wherever conditions exist which would cause any of these items to be exposed in finished spaces, the Contractor whose work is involved shall immediately call the situation to the attention of the Engineer and shall stop work in those areas until the Owner's Representative or General Contractor directs the resumption of the work. Submit for approval a Shop Drawing for any change in equipment placement, etc.
 - 4. Equipment has been chosen to fit within the available space with all required Code and maintenance clearances and shall be installed as shown. Every effort has been made to also accommodate equipment of other approved manufacturers, however since equipment and access space requirements vary, the final responsibility for installation access and proper fit of substituted equipment rests with the Contractor with approval from Author by having jurisdiction.
- B. Pre-installation planning: Coordinate arrangement, mounting, and support of electrical equipment as follows:
 - 1. Allow maximum possible headroom unless specific mounting heights that reduce headroom are indicated.
 - 2. Provide access for disconnecting means and working space for equipment with minimum interference to adjacent equipment.
 - 3. The equipment shall be arranged to facilitate service, maintenance, and repair or replacement of components and equipment.
 - 4. Coordination submittal requirements
 - a. Provide an electrical service and plan view layout, scaled to 1/4" = 1' 0" or larger to depict correctly all new equipment that must be fit into the electrical enclosure containing electrical distribution equipment. These

26 0001 – BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL Page 3 of 10 shall be provided with the associated electrical distribution equipment submittals.

b. Electrical layout drawings shall show dimensioned layout, required working clearances. Show support locations, type of support, and weight on each support. Indicate field measurements.

1.6 DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS

- A. General: The Drawings are schematic in nature and indicate approximate locations of the electrical systems, equipment, fixtures and devices, except where specific locations are noted and dimensioned on the Drawings. All items are shown to approximate scale with intent to depict how these items shall be integrated into the building. Locate all items by field measurements and in accordance with the Contract Documents. Cooperate with other trades to ensure project completion as indicated.
- B. Location: Prior to locating electrical replacement equipment obtain the Architect/ Engineer's approval as to exact location. Locations shall not be determined by scaling Drawings. Mount lighting controls and electrical devices at the heights directed by the Architect/Engineer. Where there is a question concerning the required location for items of electrical work, the Contractor shall submit a request for information to the Architect/Engineer requesting specific directions for locating the item. The contractor shall be responsible for costs of redoing work of trades necessitated by failure to comply with this requirement.
 - 1. The Drawings show diagrammatic locations of the various outlets and apparatus. Exact locations of these outlets and apparatus shall be determined by reference to the Architectural Drawings and to all detail Drawings, equipment Drawings, rough-in Drawings, etc., by measurements at the existing equipment, and in cooperation with the other trades. The Owner and Architect/Engineer reserve the right to make any reasonable change in the location of any outlet or apparatus before installation, without additional cost to the Owner.
- C. Specifications: The specifications are intended to supplement the Drawings and it is not in the scope of the specifications to mention any part of the work which the Drawings are competent to fully explain. Conversely, any part of the work which the specifications are competent to fully explain, may not be mentioned on the Drawings.
- D. Disagreement: Disagreement between the Drawings or specifications or within the Drawings or specifications shall be estimated using the better quality or greater quantity of material or installation, and a request for information shall be made to the Engineer.
- 1.7 Discrepancies
 - A. Clarification: Clarification shall be obtained before submitting a proposal for the Work under this Division as to discrepancies or omissions from the Contract Documents or questions as to the intent thereof.
 - B. Detailed Instructions: Should it appear that the work hereby intended to be done or any of the materials relative thereto, is not sufficiently detailed or explained in the Drawings or Specifications, then the Contractor shall submit a request for information to the Engineer for such further Drawings or explanations as may be necessary before proceeding, allowing a reasonable time for the Engineer to respond. The Contractor shall conform to this additional information as a part of the Contract without additional cost to the Owner or Engineer.

WOODLAWN LAKE PARK SPLASHPAD **Design Development**

- C. Interpretations: Should any doubt or question arise respecting the true meaning of Drawings or Specifications, reference shall be made to the Engineer, whose written decision shall be final and conclusive. No alleged statement by the Engineer will be accepted as an excuse for inferior work.
- D. Contractor Agreement: Consideration will not be granted for misunderstanding of the amount of work to be performed. Submission of a bid conveys full Contractor agreement of the items and conditions specified, shown, scheduled, or required for completion of the project.
- 1.8 Submittal REQUIREMENTS
 - A. Provide all electrical shop drawing submittals at the same time.
 - B. Submittals shall be provided in binders and arranged in sequence by Specification section number. Provide submittals only for specification sections that list this requirement.
 - 1. Provide tabs for each section, labeled to match the associated specification. The page after each tab section shall contain a typed list of any exceptions that the Contractor is proposing.
 - 2. Each page of the submittal shall be a clear copy or scan, indicating items and options proposed for use in the project with a graphical arrow. Items included on a submittal page that are not proposed for use shall be deleted with strike-through or other acceptable method that clearly distinguishes the proposed from non-relevant information.
 - 3. Subject to the requirements in Division 1, at the Contractor's option, submittals may be provided in PDF form.
 - 4. All format and informational requirements for submittals in binders apply to PDF submittals.
 - 5. Multiple files may be submitted; however, these must be organized into a consistent format.
 - 6. PDF submittal shall include a table of contents with page numbers listed for the beginning of each section.
 - 7. Additionally, the PDF shall be formatted to include tab or chapter shortcuts, labeled with the associated specification section. These shortcuts shall allow the reader to jump to a tab or chapter associated with beginning of each specification section with a single action.
 - 8. At the engineer's request, the contractor shall submit hard copy version in accordance with requirements outlined above.
 - C. Provide closeout submittals for all products used. Refer to the related specification section for additional requirements.
 - 1. Provide maintenance and warranty information with contact information for parts and service of equipment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT REQUIREMENTS

A. Materials and equipment shall be new, of best grade and quality, and meet all requirements of the Contract Documents. Materials and equipment shall conform to National Electrical Code requirements and shall be listed by Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL). UL listing will be accepted as evidence that the material or equipment conforms to the standards of that agency. In lieu of this listing, submit a statement from a nationally recognized testing agency, indicating that products have been tested in

26 0001 – BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL Page 5 of 10 accordance with UL criteria and that the materials and equipment comply with Contract requirements.

B. Materials and equipment shall be standard catalog products of manufacturers regularly engaged in the manufacture of products conforming to these Specifications. Custom fabricated items shall be fully described using Drawings and technical data sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the Contract Documents.

2.2 SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Basis of Design For products specified in part 2.1 of the associated specification section, as "Basis of Design", that term is herein defined as the standard level of product that is required for the project.
 - 1. The use of term Basis of Design in these specifications is intended to allow the Contractor to propose use of non-specified manufacturer's products, provided that the proposed substitute is of equal or greater construction material, workmanship, quality, performance, and manufacturer support. If the product's proposed location is not concealed, aesthetic considerations are also considered as a significant factor.
 - 2. During the bid process, the Engineer will not evaluate products and provide approval prior to the bid date on proposed substitute products. If the Contractor wishes to propose substitutions, the Engineer will evaluate the successful Contractor's proposed alternates during the submittal review process. The Engineer will take no exception to the use of individual products determined to be equal. That decision may be the result of consultation and input from other members of the design team. If a product is not determined to be equal, it will be rejected and another product that is equal to the basis of design shall be resubmitted by the Contractor. The Engineer will not evaluate more than two substitution attempts before the Contractor is required to submit the specified product.
 - 3. If the Contractor proposes product substitutions that may not be equal to the specified product, and cost savings are associated with the use of the proposed substitute, then the Contractor should propose these as part of a VE (Value Engineering) process, with line item cost savings identified for each product substitution proposed. With information on line item costs, the design team may determine if the proposed substitutes, though not equal, represent a better value and these *may* be recommended for use.
- B. Substitutions are generally not allowed for products specified in the associated specification section when listed as "Provide products by one of the following". If there is a concern about delivery schedules from the manufacturers listed or other factors, these special case substitutions will be considered individually during the submittal phase.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COMMON REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL INSTALLATION

- A. Workmanship: Work shall be executed, and materials installed in accordance with the best practice of the trades in a thorough, substantial, workmanlike manner by competent, state licensed workmen, presenting a neat appearance when completed, straight and plumb.
- B. Manufacturer's Recommendations: With exceptions as specified or indicated on the Drawings or in the Specifications, apply, install, connect, erect, use, clean, and condition manufactured articles, materials, and equipment per manufacturer's current printed

recommendations. Copies of such printed recommendations shall be kept at the job site and made available as required.

3.2 SPACE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Determine in advance of purchase that the equipment and materials proposed for installation will fit into the confines indicated, leaving adequate code clearances for adjustments, repair, or replacement and comply with code.
- B. Clearance: Allow adequate space for clearance in accordance with requirements of the Code and local inspection department.
- C. Scheduled Equipment: The design shown on the Drawings is based on the equipment scheduled.
- D. Responsibility: Space requirements and equipment arrangement may vary for each manufacturer, the responsibility for ensuring initial access and suitability rests with the Contractor.
- E. Review: Final arrangements of equipment to be installed shall be subject to the Architect's review.
- 3.3 SAFETY REGULATIONS
 - A. All electrical work, including work associated with temporary power, shall be performed in compliance with all applicable and governing safety regulations. All safety lights, guards, signs, and other safety materials and provisions required for the performance of the electrical work shall be provided by and operated by the Electrical contractor.
- 3.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING OF MATERIALS
 - A. General: Protect all materials and equipment to be installed under this Division from physical and weather damage.
 - B. Scope: Work under this Division shall include, but not limited to:
 - 1. Shipping from point of manufacture to job site.
 - 2. Unloading, moving, and storage on site with proper safeguards as required to properly protect equipment from corrosion, drip, humidity, dust, and physical damage.
 - 3. Hoisting and scaffolding of materials and equipment included in this Division.
 - 4. Ensuring safety of employees, materials, and equipment using such hoisting equipment and scaffolding.
 - C. Coordination: All large pieces of equipment which are to be installed in the building and which are too large to permit access through doorways, stairways or shafts shall be brought to the job by the Contractor and shall be placed in the spaces before enclosing partitions and structure are completed. Contractor shall support equipment above floor slab and provide suitable, protective covering.
 - D. Install in accordance with approved equipment submittal layouts.
 - E. Coordinate installation of required supporting devices and set sleeves in cast-in-place concrete, masonry walls, and other structural components as they are constructed.

F. Coordinate sleeve selection and application with selection and application of firestopping.

3.5 VIBRATION ISOLATION

- A. General: Warrant the electrical systems, and their component parts to operate without objectionable noise or vibration. Noise from systems or equipment which results in noise within occupied spaces above the recommended NC curves (refer to ASHRAE Standard) shall be considered objectionable. Objectionable noise, vibration, or transmission thereof shall be corrected.
- B. Provide vibration isolation means for equipment and materials to prevent the transmission of perceptible vibration, structure borne, or air borne noise. Items requiring vibration isolation include:
 - 1. Transformers and rotating and reciprocating equipment shall be mounted on cork, rubber or steel spring isolator units properly sized, spaced and loaded as recommended by the manufacturer.
 - 2. Electrical Conduit: Isolate from dry type transformers, rotating and reciprocating machinery using flexible conduit, 18" minimum length or 12" of flexible conduit per 1" of conduit diameter with maximum of 36".

3.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE TESTING

- A. Description of Work
 - 1. General: Provide testing of electrical work installed under Divisions 26, 27 and 28, as specified herein and in other Division 26, 27 and 28 sections. Feeders and equipment shall not be placed in service until they have been checked out and tested, as applicable.
- B. Personnel
 - 1. Personnel: Submit evidence to show that the personnel who will actually test the systems are qualified and state certified.
 - 2. The Engineer/Owner reserves the right to request that the originally approved personnel be replaced with other qualified personnel if, in his opinion, the original personnel are not qualified or are not properly conducting the system testing.
- C. Submittals
 - 1. Testing Procedures: Submit four copies of all proposed testing procedures to the Engineer for review at least 30 days prior to conducting any testing.
 - 2. Reporting Forms: Submit four copies of proposed forms to be used in recording testing data and results to the Engineer for review at least 30 days prior to conducting any testing on the project.
 - 3. Test Data and Results: Submit four copies of complete data and certified test results for each test performed, including, but not limited to:
 - a. Test performed.
 - b. Test procedure.
 - c. System and area tested.
 - d. Date(s) and time(s) of test.
 - e. Weather conditions.
 - f. Test criteria.
 - g. Test results.
 - h. Additional pertinent information.
 - 4. Operational Certification: Submit four certified copies of an operational certification which documents that all equipment and systems have been fully tested to verify proper operation in accordance with the design shown in the Construction Documents and manufacturer's recommendations.

26 0001 – BASIC REQUIREMENTS FOR ELECTRICAL Page 8 of 10

- 5. Certification: Certifications stating that submitted test data and results are true and correct shall be provided for all submittals under this Section. Certification shall be executed by an authorized officer if the Contractor is a corporation, by a partner if the Contractor is a partnership, by the Owner if the Contractor is a sole proprietorship or by the authorized representative if the Contractor is a joint venture.
- 6. Calibration List: Submit four copies of a listing of testing devices to be used for the project to the Engineer for approval. Listing shall include documentation that devices are properly and currently calibrated.
- 7. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies electrical distribution equipment included and that describes scan results. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.
- 8. Test Log: The Contractor shall maintain a test log at the site to document the results of all successful and unsuccessful testing as it is performed. This log shall be available for review by the Engineer and a copy of the log shall be submitted to the Engineer and Owner's Representative prior to the Substantial Completion inspection. A space shall be provided on the test log for signoff by the Owner's Representative.
- D. Notice
 - 1. General: Notify the Engineer and the Owner's Representative in writing two weeks prior all scheduled testing to allow time for scheduling witness of testing, where elected by the Engineer and Owner's Representative.
- E. Materials
 - 1. General: Provide all materials and test equipment required for testing specified electrical systems, including retesting until acceptable test results are obtained.
- F. Manufacturer's Field Service
 - 1. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect, test, and adjust components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
- G. Preparation
 - 1. Perform visual mechanical inspection and electrical tests for field connections Test insulation resistance for each electrical distribution equipment bus, component, connecting supply, feeder, and control circuit.
 - 2. Test continuity of each circuit.
- H. Testing
 - 1. General: Tests shall be made during the course of construction as specified and as required by authorities having jurisdiction. Such tests shall be conducted by this Division as a part of the Work and shall include all personnel, material, and equipment required to perform tests until satisfactory results are obtained. Any defects detected during testing shall be satisfactorily repaired or the equipment involved shall be replaced and the tests re-executed.
 - 2. Tests: Refer to the Table below for inspection and testing requirements associated with listed product specification sections:

Spec Section #	Title						Notes
260519	LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES	0		0	0		
260526	GROUNDING AND BONDING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS	0	0	0		 0	

NOTES:

- a. Refer to individual specification section for additional testing requirements.
- I. RESULTS AND DEFICIENCY CORRECTIONS:
 - 1. Correct malfunctions on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace them with new units and retest.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls, remote monitoring, and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - 3. Any resultant delay because of such necessary retest, does not relieve the Contractor of his responsibility under this contract.
 - 4. Equipment will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections. Tested products which fail to provide acceptable test results shall be repaired or replaced with suitable materials required to obtain acceptable test results.

3.7 CONTRACTOR WARRANTIES AND GUARANTEES

- A. General: Contractor shall guarantee all material and equipment installed by him against defects in workmanship and material for a period of 24 months after final acceptance of the work by the Owner and he shall repair or replace any materials or equipment developing such defects within that time, promptly on due notice given him by the Owner and at Contractor's sole cost and expense.
- B. Equipment: All equipment bearing a manufacturer's guarantee in excess of the time requirement above, such as electrical equipment, devices, components, and similar items, shall be considered to have that guarantee extended directly to the Owner by the manufacturer. Any such equipment that proves defective in materials or workmanship within the guarantee period is to be corrected by the Contractor in accordance with the manufacturer's guarantee.
- C. Start-up: The Electrical Contractor shall provide instructions and equipment starting service on new equipment for two complete years after the date of final acceptance of the work by the Owner, at Contractor's sole cost and expense.

SECTION 26 0519

LOW-VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Building wires and cables rated 600 V or less.
 - 2. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V or less.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
- B. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawing submittals shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for review a list of the proposed manufacturers of wire and cable, cable lugs, cable connectors and termination fittings listed herein. The Contractor may install wire and cable, cable lugs, cable connectors and termination fittings furnished by any manufacturer listed on the approved submittal.
 - 2. Cut sheets on all 300 and 600 volt conductors with manufacturers name, ratings and capacities, insulation characteristics, and available colors, clearly listed.
 - 3. Cut sheets indicating all cable lugs, termination fittings and cable connectors.
- B. Closeout Submittal
 - 1. Include final version of approved shop drawing submittals within the Operation and Maintenance manual.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Alcan Products Corporation; Alcan Cable Division.
 - 2. American Insulated Wire Corp.; a Leviton Company.
 - 3. General Cable Corporation.
 - 4. Senator Wire & Cable Company.
 - 5. Southwire Company.
- B. Copper Conductors: Comply with NEMA WC 70.

WOODLAWN LAKE PARK SPLASHPAD Design Development

- C. Conductor Insulation: Comply with NEMA WC 70 for Types THW, THHN-THWN and XHHW.
- D. Low-voltage cabling per lighting manufacturer shall comply with NEC 225.6(B) for Festoon lighting.
- 2.2 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES
 - A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. Hubbell Power Systems, Inc.
 - 3. O-Z/Gedney; EGS Electrical Group LLC.
 - 4. 3M; Electrical Products Division.
 - 5. TE Connectivity
 - 6. NSI Industries
 - B. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors and splices of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated.
 - C. Provide UL Listed 486D Watertight connectors equal to Polaris Blue Type ISW for the size range required.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS
 - A. Branch Circuits: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
- 3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION AND MULTICONDUCTOR CABLE APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS
 - A. Exposed Feeders: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
 - B. Feeders Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type XHHW, THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.
 - C. Branch Circuits Concealed in Concrete, below Slabs-on-Grade, and Underground: Type THHN-THWN, single conductors in raceway.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in conduit underground or in the service enclosures, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- C. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
- D. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.

26 0519 – LOW VOLTAGE ELETRICAL POWER CONDUCTORS Page 2 of 3

- E. Support cables according to Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."
- F. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A and UL 486B.
- B. Make splices and taps that are compatible with conductor material and that possess equivalent or better mechanical strength and insulation ratings.
- C. Provide connections using UL listed watertight connectors submersible for direct burial and installation in pullboxes.
- 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
 - A. Perform tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
 - B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. After installing conductors and cables and before electrical circuitry has been energized, test branch circuit conductors for compliance with requirements.

SECTION 26 0533 RACEWAYS AND BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings.
 - 2. Nonmetal conduits, tubing, and fittings.
 - 3. Metal wireways and auxiliary gutters.
 - 4. Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets.
 - 5. Handholes and boxes for exterior underground cabling.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. GRC, RGS: Galvanized rigid steel conduit.
- B. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket and complying with UL 360
- C. RNC: Type EPC-40-PVC or EPC-80-PVC, complying with NEMA TC 2 and UL 651 unless otherwise indicated.
- 1.4 SUBMITTALS
 - A. Shop Drawing submittals shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Product Data: For surface raceways, wireways and fittings, floor boxes, hinged-cover enclosures, and cabinets.
 - 2. Shop Drawings: For custom enclosures and cabinets. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.
 - B. Closeout Submittal
 - 1. Include final version of approved shop drawing submittals within the Operation and Maintenance manual.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 METAL CONDUITS, TUBING, AND FITTINGS
 - A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. Allied Tube & Conduit; a Tyco International Ltd. Co.
 - 3. Anamet Electrical, Inc.
 - 4. Electri-Flex Company. O-Z/Gedney; a brand of EGS Electrical Group.Picoma Industries, a subsidiary of Mueller Water Products, Inc.

26 0533 – RACEWAYS, BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS Page 1 of 7

- 5. Republic Conduit.
- 6. Robroy Industries.
- 7. Southwire Company.
- 8. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
- 9. Western Tube and Conduit Corporation.
- 10. Wheatland Tube Company; a division of John Maneely Company.
- B. Listing and Labeling: Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. GRC, GRS: Comply with ANSI C80.1 and UL 6.
- D. PVC-Coated Steel Conduit: PVC-coated rigid steel conduit.
 - 1. Comply with NEMA RN 1.
 - 2. Coating Thickness: 0.040 inch (1 mm), minimum.
- E. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket and complying with UL 360.
- F. Fittings for Metal Conduit: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 514B.
 - 1. Conduit Fittings for Hazardous (Classified) Locations: Comply with UL 886 and NFPA 70.
 - 2. Fittings for EMT:
 - a. Material: Steel.
 - b. Type: Compression.
 - 3. Expansion Fittings: PVC or steel to match conduit type, complying with UL 651, rated for environmental conditions where installed, and including flexible external bonding jumper.
 - 4. Cable Support Fittings: Provide hot dipped galvanized cable support body fitting of malleable or ductile iron with wedging plugs as required for long vertical cable installations in accordance with NEC 300.19.
 - 5. Coating for Fittings for PVC-Coated Conduit: Minimum thickness of 0.040 inch (1 mm), with overlapping sleeves protecting threaded joints.
- G. Joint Compound for IMC, GRC, or ARC: Approved, as defined in NFPA 70, by authorities having jurisdiction for use in conduit assemblies, and compounded for use to lubricate and protect threaded conduit joints from corrosion and to enhance their conductivity.

2.2 NONMETALLIC CONDUITS, TUBING, AND FITTINGS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - 1. AFC Cable Systems, Inc.
 - 2. Anamet Electrical, Inc.
 - 3. Arnco Corporation.
 - 4. CANTEX Inc.
 - 5. CertainTeed Corp.
 - 6. Condux International, Inc.
 - 7. Electri-Flex Company.
 - 8. Kraloy.

- 9. Lamson & Sessions; Carlon Electrical Products.
- 10. Niedax-Kleinhuis USA, Inc.
- 11. RACO; a Hubbell company.
- 12. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
- B. Listing and Labeling: Nonmetallic conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. LFNC: Comply with UL 1660.
- D. Fittings for LFNC: Comply with UL 514B.
- E. Solvent cements and adhesive primers shall have a VOC content of 510 and 550 g/L or less, respectively, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- F. Solvent cements and adhesive primers shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small-Scale Environmental Chambers."

2.3 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following manufacturers:
 - 1. Adalet.
 - 2. Cooper Technologies Company; Cooper Crouse-Hinds.
 - 3. EGS/Appleton Electric.
 - 4. Erickson Electrical Equipment Company.
 - 5. FSR Inc.
 - 6. Hoffman; a Pentair company.
 - 7. Hubbell Incorporated; Killark Division.
 - 8. Kraloy.
 - 9. Milbank Manufacturing Co.
 - 10. Mono-Systems, Inc.
 - 11. O-Z/Gedney; a brand of EGS Electrical Group.
 - 12. RACO; a Hubbell Company.
 - 13. Robroy Industries.
 - 14. Spring City Electrical Manufacturing Company.
 - 15. Stahlin Non-Metallic Enclosures; a division of Robroy Industries.
 - 16. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
 - 17. Wiremold / Legrand.
- B. General Requirements for Boxes, Enclosures, and Cabinets: Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets installed in wet locations shall be listed for use in wet locations.
- C. Nonmetallic Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 2 and UL 514C.
- D. Cast-Metal Access, Pull, and Junction Boxes: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 1773, galvanized, cast iron with gasketed cover.

- E. Device Box Dimensions: 4 inches square by 2-1/8 inches deep (100 mm square by 60 mm deep)
- F. Gangable boxes are prohibited.
- G. Hinged-Cover Enclosures: Provide NEMA enclosure rating as indicated on drawings. If not indicated provide enclosure rating as required by environmental and Code requirements. Provide continuous-hinge cover with flush latch unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Metal Enclosures: Steel, finished inside and out with manufacturer's standard enamel.

2.4 HANDHOLES AND BOXES FOR EXTERIOR UNDERGROUND WIRING

- A. General Requirements for Handholes and Boxes:
 - 1. Boxes and handholes for use in underground systems shall be designed and identified as defined in NFPA 70, for intended location and application.
 - 2. Boxes installed in wet areas shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Polymer-Concrete Handholes and Boxes with Polymer-Concrete Cover: Molded of sand and aggregate, bound together with polymer resin, and reinforced with steel, fiberglass, or a combination of the two.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following manufacturers:
 - a. Armorcast Products Company.
 - b. Carson Industries LLC.
 - c. CDR Systems Corporation; Hubbell Power Systems.
 - d. NewBasis.
 - e. Oldcastle Precast, Inc.; Christy Concrete Products.
 - f. Synertech Moulded Products; a division of Oldcastle Precast, Inc.
 - 2. Standard: Comply with SCTE 77.
 - 3. Configuration: Designed for flush burial with open bottom unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Cover: Weatherproof, secured by tamper-resistant locking devices and having structural load rating consistent with enclosure and handhole location.
 - 5. Cover Finish: Nonskid finish shall have a minimum coefficient of friction of 0.50.
 - 6. Cover Legend: Molded lettering, "ELECTRIC." or similar wording to indicate service.
 - 7. Conduit Entrance Provisions: Conduit-terminating fittings shall mate with entering ducts for secure, fixed installation in enclosure wall.
 - 8. Handholes 12 Inches Wide by 24 Inches Long (300 mm Wide by 600 mm Long) and larger: Have inserts for cable racks and pulling-in irons installed before concrete is poured.

2.5 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL FOR UNDERGROUND ENCLOSURES

- A. Handhole and Pull-Box Prototype Test: Test prototypes of handholes and boxes for compliance with SCTE 77. Strength tests shall be for specified tier ratings of products supplied.
 - 1. Tests of materials shall be performed by an independent testing agency.

- 2. Strength tests of complete boxes and covers shall be by either an independent testing agency or manufacturer. A qualified registered professional engineer shall certify tests by manufacturer.
- 3. Testing machine pressure gages shall have current calibration certification complying with ISO 9000 and ISO 10012 and traceable to NIST standards.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- A. Outdoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Exposed Conduit: GRC (GRS) or IMC or RNC, Type EPC-80-PVC.
 - 2. Underground Conduit (Branch Circuits): Type EPC-80-PVC, direct buried.
 - 3. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
 - 4. Boxes and Enclosures, Aboveground: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
- B. Minimum Raceway Size: 3/4-inch (21-mm) trade size.
- C. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.
 - 1. Rigid and Intermediate Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings unless otherwise indicated. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 2. PVC Externally Coated, Rigid Steel Conduits: Use only fittings listed for use with this type of conduit. Patch and seal all joints, nicks, and scrapes in PVC coating after installing conduits and fittings. Use sealant recommended by fitting manufacturer and apply in thickness and number of coats recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Install surface raceways only where indicated on Drawings.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except where requirements on Drawings or in this article are stricter. Comply with NECA 102 for aluminum conduits. Comply with NFPA 70 limitations for types of raceways allowed in specific occupancies and number of floors.
- B. Complete raceway installation before starting conductor installation.
- C. Comply with requirements in Section 260529 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for hangers and supports.
- D. Arrange stub-ups so curved portions of bends are not visible above finished slab.
- E. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for control wiring conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed. Support within 12 inches (300 mm) of changes in direction.
- F. Conceal conduit unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Install above grade conduits parallel or perpendicular to adjacent structures.
- H. Support conduit within 12 inches (300 mm) of enclosures to which attached.

26 0533 – RACEWAYS, BOXES FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS Page 5 of 7

- I. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.
- J. Coat field-cut threads on PVC-coated raceway with a corrosion-preventing conductive compound prior to assembly.
- K. Raceway Terminations at Locations Subject to Moisture or Vibration: Use insulating bushings to protect conductors including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.
- L. Terminate threaded conduits into threaded hubs or with locknuts on inside and outside of boxes or cabinets. Install bushings on conduits up to 1-1/4-inch (35mm) trade size and insulated throat metal bushings on 1-1/2-inch (41-mm) trade size and larger conduits terminated with locknuts. Install insulated throat metal grounding bushings on service conduits.
- M. Install raceways square to the enclosure and terminate at enclosures with locknuts. Install locknuts hand tight plus 1/4 turn more.
- N. Do not rely on locknuts to penetrate nonconductive coatings on enclosures. Remove coatings in the locknut area prior to assembling conduit to enclosure to assure a continuous ground path.
- O. Cut conduit perpendicular to the length. For conduits 2-inch (53-mm) trade size and larger, use roll cutter or a guide to make cut straight and perpendicular to the length.
- P. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb (90-kg) tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches (300 mm) of slack at each end of pull wire. Cap underground raceways designated as spare above grade alongside raceways in use.
- Q. Install raceway sealing fittings at accessible locations according to NFPA 70 and fill them with listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces. Install raceway sealing fittings according to NFPA 70.
- R. Install devices to seal raceway interiors at accessible locations. Locate seals so no fittings or boxes are between the seal and the following changes of environments. Seal the interior of all raceways at the following points:
 - 1. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- S. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for solvent welding RNC and fittings.
- T. Flexible Conduit Connections: Comply with NEMA RV 3. Use a maximum of 72 inches (1830 mm) of flexible conduit for equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for transformers.
 - 1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
 - 2. Use LFMC or LFNC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.
- U. Mount boxes at heights indicated on Drawings. If mounting heights of boxes are not individually indicated, give priority to ADA requirements. Install boxes with height measured to center of box unless otherwise indicated.

V. Fasten junction and pull boxes. Do not support boxes by conduits.

3.3 PROTECTION

- A. Protect coatings, finishes, and cabinets from damage and deterioration.
 - 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.
 - 2. Repair damage to PVC coatings or paint finishes with matching touchup coating recommended by manufacturer.

SECTION 26 0553 IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Identification for raceways.
- 2. Identification of power and control cables.
- 3. Identification for conductors.
- 4. Underground-line warning tape.
- 5. Warning labels and signs.
- 6. Instruction signs.
- 7. Equipment identification labels.
- 8. Miscellaneous identification products.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawing submittals shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Product Data: For each electrical identification product indicated.
 - 2. Identification Schedule: An index of nomenclature of electrical equipment and system components used in identification signs and labels.
- 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - A. Comply with ANSI A13.1.
 - B. Comply with NFPA 70.
 - C. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.144 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
 - D. Comply with ANSI Z535.4 for safety signs and labels.
 - E. Adhesive-attached labeling materials, including label stocks, laminating adhesives, and inks used by label printers, shall comply with UL 969.

1.5 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate identification names, abbreviations, colors, and other features with requirements in other Sections requiring identification applications, Drawings, Shop Drawings, manufacturer's wiring diagrams, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual; and with those required by codes, standards, and 29 CFR 1910.145. Use consistent designations throughout Project.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.

26 0553 – IDENTIFICATION FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS Page 1 of 6

WOODLAWN LAKE PARK SPLASHPAD **Design Development**

- C. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with location of access panels and doors.
- D. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 POWER AND CONTROL CABLE IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS
 - A. Comply with ANSI A13.1 for minimum size of letters for legend and for minimum length of color field for each raceway and cable size.
 - B. Write-On Tags: Polyester tag, 0.010 inch (0.25 mm) thick, with corrosion-resistant grommet and cable tie for attachment to conductor or cable.
 - 1. Marker for Tags: Permanent, waterproof, black ink marker recommended by tag manufacturer.
 - C. Snap-Around Labels: Slit, pre-tensioned, flexible, preprinted, color-coded acrylic sleeve, with diameter sized to suit diameter of raceway or cable it identifies and to stay in place by gripping action.

2.2 CONDUCTOR IDENTIFICATION MATERIALS

- A. Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Colored, self-adhesive vinyl tape not less than 3 mils (0.08 mm) thick by 1 to 2 inches (25 to 50 mm) wide.
- 2.3 DETECTABLE UNDERGROUND-LINE WARNING TAPE
 - A. Description: Modular sealing device, designed for field assembly, to fill annular space between sleeve and raceway or cable.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - a. Brady
 - b. Scotch
 - c. Presco
 - d. Trumbull MFG.
 - B. Tape:
 - 1. Minimum 5.0 mil overall thickness with .35 mil, solid aluminum foil core.
 - 2. Printing on tape shall be permanent and shall not be damaged by burial operations.
 - 3. Tape material and ink shall be chemically inert, and not subject to degrading when exposed to acids, alkalis, and other destructive substances commonly found in soils.
 - C. Color and Printing:
 - 1. Comply with ANSI Z535.1 through ANSI Z535.5.
 - 2. Inscriptions for Red-Colored Tapes: ELECTRIC LINE, HIGH VOLTAGE, .
 - 3. Inscriptions for Orange-Colored Tapes: TELEPHONE CABLE, CATV CABLE, COMMUNICATIONS CABLE, OPTICAL FIBER CABLE.
 - D. Tape Width:
 - 1. Minimum tape width shall correspond to burial depth below final, finished grade as follows:
 - a. 2" wide for 6"-12" installed depth, below finished grade.

- b. 3" wide for 12"-24" installed depth, below finished grade.
- c. 6" wide for 22"-30" installed depth, below finished grade.

2.4 WARNING LABELS AND SIGNS

- A. Comply with NFPA 70 and 29 CFR 1910.145.
- B. Self-Adhesive Warning Labels: Factory-printed, multicolor, pressure-sensitive adhesive labels, configured for display on front cover, door, or other access to equipment unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Warning label and sign shall include, but are not limited to, the following legends:
 - 1. Multiple Power Source Warning: "DANGER ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD -EQUIPMENT HAS MULTIPLE POWER SOURCES."
 - 2. Workspace Clearance Warning: "WARNING OSHA REGULATION AREA IN FRONT OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT MUST BE KEPT CLEAR FOR 36 INCHES (915 MM)."
 - 3. ARC FLASH.

2.5 INSTRUCTION SIGNS

- A. Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine plastic, minimum 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) thick for signs up to 20 sq. inches (129 sq. cm) and 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) thick for larger sizes.
 - 1. Engraved legend with black letters on white face.
 - 2. Punched or drilled for mechanical fasteners.
 - 3. Framed with mitered acrylic molding and arranged for attachment at applicable equipment.

2.6 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION LABELS

- A. Engraved, Laminated Acrylic or Melamine Label: Punched or drilled for screw mounting. White letters on a dark-gray background. The minimum letter height shall be 3/8 inch (10 mm).
- B. Stenciled Legend: In non-fading, waterproof, black ink or paint. Minimum letter height shall be 1 inch (25 mm).

2.7 CABLE TIES

- A. General-Purpose Cable Ties: Fungus inert, self-extinguishing, one-piece, self-locking, Type 6/6 nylon.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch (5 mm).
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F (23 deg C), According to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi (82.7 MPa).
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F (Minus 40 to plus 85 deg C).
 - 4. Color: Black except where used for color-coding.
- B. UV-Stabilized Cable Ties: Fungus inert, designed for continuous exposure to exterior sunlight, self-extinguishing, one-piece, self-locking, Type 6/6 nylon.
 - 1. Minimum Width: 3/16 inch (5 mm).
 - 2. Tensile Strength at 73 deg F (23 deg C), According to ASTM D 638: 12,000 psi (82.7 MPa).
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 185 deg F (Minus 40 to plus 85 deg C).
 - 4. Color: Black.

2.8 MISCELLANEOUS IDENTIFICATION PRODUCTS

- A. Paint: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for paint materials and application requirements. Select paint system applicable for surface material and location (exterior or interior).
- B. Fasteners for Labels and Signs: Self-tapping, stainless-steel screws or stainless-steel machine screws with nuts and flat and lock washers.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 INSTALLATION
 - A. Verify the identity of each item before installing identification products.
 - B. Location: Install identification materials and devices at locations for most convenient viewing without interference with operation and maintenance of equipment.
 - C. Apply identification devices to surfaces that require finish after completing finish work.
 - D. Self-Adhesive Identification Products: Clean surfaces before application, using materials and methods recommended by manufacturer of identification device.
 - E. Attach signs and plastic labels that are not self-adhesive type with mechanical fasteners appropriate to the location and substrate.
 - F. System Identification Color-Coding Bands for Raceways and Cables: Each color-coding band shall completely encircle cable or conduit. Place adjacent bands of two-color markings in contact, side by side. Locate bands at changes in direction, at penetrations of walls and floors, at 50-foot (15-m) maximum intervals in straight runs, and at 25-foot (7.6-m) maximum intervals in congested areas.
 - G. Aluminum Wraparound Marker Labels and Metal Tags: Secure tight to surface of conductor or cable at a location with high visibility and accessibility.
 - H. Cable Ties: For attaching tags. Use general-purpose type, except as listed below:
 1. Outdoors: UV-stabilized nylon.
 - I. Underground-Line Warning Tape: During backfilling of trenches install continuous underground-line warning tape directly above line. Depth below final finished grade shall not exceed amount indicated per these specifications or as published in the tape manufacturer's installation instructions. Use multiple tapes where width of multiple lines installed in a common trench or concrete envelope exceeds 16 inches (400 mm) overall.
 - J. Painted Identification: Comply with requirements in painting Sections for surface preparation and paint application.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION SCHEDULE

A. Accessible Raceways and Cables: Identify the covers of each junction and pull box of the electrical power system with self-adhesive vinyl labels with the wiring system legend and system voltage. Provide identification products after completion of all finish painting.

- B. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification, 600 V or Less: For conductors pull and junction boxes and handholes, use color-coding conductor tape to identify the phase.
 - 1. Color-Coding for Phase and Voltage Level Identification, 600 V or Less: Use colors listed below for ungrounded service, feeder, and branch-circuit conductors.
 - a. Color shall be factory applied or field applied for sizes larger than No. 8 AWG, if authorities having jurisdiction permit.
 - b. Colors for 240/120-V, single phase Circuits:
 - 1) Phase A: Black.
 - 2) Phase B: Red.
 - c. Field-Applied, Color-Coding Conductor Tape: Apply in half-lapped turns for a minimum distance of 6 inches (150 mm) from terminal points and in boxes where splices or taps are made. Apply last two turns of tape with no tension to prevent possible unwinding. Locate bands to avoid obscuring factory cable markings.
- C. Power-Circuit Conductor Identification, More than 600 V: For conductors in vaults, pull and junction boxes and handholes, use write-on tags and a separate tag with the circuit designation.
- D. Install instructional sign including the color-code for grounded and ungrounded conductors using adhesive-film-type labels.
- E. Conductors to be extended in the future: Attach write-on tags to conductors and list source.
- F. Locations of Underground Lines: Identify with underground-line warning tape for power, lighting, communication, and control wiring and optical fiber cable.
 - 1. Install underground-line detectable warning tape for both direct-buried cables and cables in raceway.
- G. Warning Labels for Cabinets, Boxes, and Enclosures for Power and Lighting: Self-adhesive warning labels.
 - 1. Comply with 29 CFR 1910.145.
 - 2. Identify system voltage with black letters on an orange background.
 - 3. Apply to exterior of door, cover, or other access.
 - 4. For equipment with multiple power or control sources, apply to door or cover of equipment including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Controls with external control power connections.
- H. Operating Instruction Signs: Install instruction signs to facilitate proper operation and maintenance of electrical systems and items to which they connect. Install instruction signs with approved legend where instructions are needed for system or equipment operation.
- I. Equipment Identification Labels: On each unit of equipment, install unique designation label that is consistent with wiring diagrams, schedules, and the Operation and Maintenance Manual. Apply labels to disconnect switches and protection equipment, control panels, control stations, terminal cabinets. Systems include power, lighting, control, and signal systems unless equipment is provided with its own identification.
 - 1. Labeling Instructions:
 - a. Outdoor Equipment: Engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.

- b. Elevated Components: Increase the sizes of labels and letters to those appropriate for viewing from the floor.
- c. Fasten labels with appropriate stainless-steel mechanical fasteners that do not change the NEMA or NRTL rating of the enclosure.
- 2. Equipment to be Labeled:
 - a. Panelboard identification shall be engraved, laminated acrylic or melamine label.
 - b. Enclosures and electrical cabinets.
 - c. Access doors and panels for concealed electrical items.
 - d. Enclosed switches.
 - e. Enclosed circuit breakers.
 - f. Enclosed controllers.
 - g. Push-button stations.
 - h. Remote-controlled switches, and control devices.
 - i. Monitoring and control equipment.
- 3. Equipment Requiring Directory and/or branch device labels:
 - a. Panelboards: Typewritten directory of circuits corresponding to "asinstalled" device and load locations.
 - b. Lighting Control panels and Lighting Contractors.
 - c. Monitoring and control equipment.

SECTION 26 0923 LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

- 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS
 - A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Time switches.
 - 2. Photoelectric switches.
 - 3. Lighting contactors.
- 1.3 DEFINITIONS
 - A. LED: Light-emitting diode
- 1.4 SUBMITTALS
 - A. Shop Drawing submittals shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Product Data: For each type of lighting control device proposed for use on the project.
 - 2. Shop Drawings: Showing installation details for occupancy and light-level sensors. Provide interconnection diagrams showing field installed wiring. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
 - B. Closeout Submittal
 - 1. Include final version of approved shop drawing submittals within the Operation and Maintenance manual.
- 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE
 - A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 TIME SWITCHES
 - A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. NSi Industries LLC; TORK Products.
 - 2. Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - 3. Intermatic, Inc.
 - 4. Lutron Electronics Co., Inc
 - 5. Square D; Schneider Electric.
 - 6. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc.
 - 7. Watt Stopper (The).

26 0923 – LIGHTING CONTROL DEVICES Page 1 of 3

- 8. Tyco Electronics; ALR Brand.
- 9. Lithonia Lighting; Acuity Lighting Group, Inc.
- B. Electromechanical-Dial Time Switches: Comply with UL 917.
 - 1. Contact Configuration: SPST.
 - 2. Contact Rating: 30-A inductive or resistive, 240-V ac load, 120-/240-V ac
 - 3. Circuitry: Allows connection of a photoelectric relay as a substitute for the on-off function of a program.
 - 4. Astronomic time dial.
 - 5. Eight-Day Program: Uniquely programmable for each weekday and holidays.
 - 6. Skip-a-day mode.
 - 7. Wound-spring reserve carryover mechanism to keep time during power failures, minimum of 10 hours.

2.2 OUTDOOR PHOTOELECTRIC SWITCHES

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product indicated on Drawings or comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Cooper Industries, Inc.
 - 2. Intermatic, Inc.
 - 3. NSi Industries LLC; TORK Products.
 - 4. Watt Stopper (The).
- B. Description: Solid state, with DPST dry contacts rated for 1800-VA tungsten or 1000-VA inductive, to operate connected relay, contactor coils, or microprocessor input; complying with UL 773A.
 - 1. Light-Level Monitoring Range: 1.5 to 10 fc (16.14 to 108 lux), with an adjustment for turn-on and turn-off levels within that range, and a directional lens in front of the photocell to prevent fixed light sources from causing turn-off.
 - 2. Time Delay: Fifteen second minimum, to prevent false operation.
 - 3. Surge Protection: Metal-oxide varistor, complying with IEEE C62.41.1, IEEE C62.41.2, and IEEE 62.45 for Category A1 locations.
 - 4. Mounting: Twist lock complies with NEMA C136.10, with base-and-stem mounting or stem-and-swivel mounting accessories as required to direct sensor to the north sky exposure.

2.3 CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

A. Power Wiring to Supply Side of Remote-Control Power Sources: Not smaller than No. 12 AWG. Comply with requirements in Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONTACTOR INSTALLATION

- A. Mount electrically held lighting contactors with elastomeric isolator pads to eliminate structure-borne vibration, unless contactors are installed in an enclosure with factory-installed vibration isolators.
- 3.2 WIRING INSTALLATION
 - A. Wiring Method: Comply with Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables." Minimum conduit size is 1/2 inch (13 mm).

WOODLAWN LAKE PARK SPLASHPAD **Design Development**

- B. Wiring within Enclosures: Comply with NECA 1. Separate power-limited and nonpowerlimited conductors according to conductor manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Size conductors according to lighting control device manufacturer's written instructions unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Splices, Taps, and Terminations: Make connections only on numbered terminal strips in junction, pull, and outlet boxes; terminal cabinets; and equipment enclosures.
- 3.3 IDENTIFICATION
 - A. Identify components and power and control wiring according to Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 1. Identify controlled circuits in lighting contactors.
 - B. Label time switches and contactors with a unique designation.
- 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL
 - A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
 - B. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Operational Test: After installing time switches and sensors, and after electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper unit operation.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls and safety. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
 - C. Lighting control devices will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
 - D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.5 DEMONSTRATION

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain lighting control devices. Refer to Division 01 Section "Project Closeout."

SECTION 26 2726 WIRING DEVICES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Receptacles, receptacles with integral GFCI, and associated device plates.
- 2. Weather-resistant receptacles.
- 3. Snap switches.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. EMI: Electromagnetic interference.
- B. GFCI: Ground-fault circuit interrupter.
- C. Pigtail: Short lead used to connect a device to a branch-circuit conductor.
- D. RFI: Radio-frequency interference.
- E. UTP: Unshielded twisted pair.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: List of legends and description of materials and process used for premarking wall plates.
- C. Samples: One for each type of device and cover plate specified, in each color specified if required.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Field quality-control reports.
- 1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS
 - A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For wiring devices to include in all manufacturers' packing-label warnings and instruction manuals that include labeling conditions.
- 1.7 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS
 - A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

26 2726 – WIRING DEVICES Page 1 of 4

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers' Names: Shortened versions (shown in parentheses) of the following manufacturers' names are used in other Part 2 articles:
 - 1. Cooper Wiring Devices; Division of Cooper Industries, Inc. (Cooper).
 - 2. Hubbell Incorporated; Wiring Device-Kellems (Hubbell).
 - 3. Leviton Mfg. Company Inc. (Leviton).
 - 4. Pass & Seymour/Legrand (Pass & Seymour).
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of wiring device and associated wall plate from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 GENERAL WIRING-DEVICE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wiring Devices, Components, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. Devices that are manufactured for use with modular plug-in connectors may be substituted under the following conditions:
 - 1. Connectors shall comply with UL 2459 and shall be made with stranding building wire.
 - 2. Devices shall comply with the requirements in this Section.

2.3 GFCI RECEPTACLES

- A. GFCI, Weather-Resistant Convenience Receptacles: Square face, 125 V, 15 A; comply with NEMA WD 1, NEMA WD 6 Configuration 5-15R, UL 498, and UL 943 Class A.
 - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Cooper; TWRVGF15.
 - b. Hubbell; GFTR15.
 - c. Pass & Seymour; 1594TRWR.
 - 2. Description: Labeled to comply with NFPA 70, "Receptacles, Cord Connectors, and Attachment Plugs (Caps)" Article, .

2.4 WALL PLATES

- A. Wet-Location, Weatherproof Cover Plates: NEMA 250, complying with Type 3R, weather-resistant, die-cast aluminum with a while in use cover equal to Hubbell Taymac Cat No. ML-450G or approved equivalent for single gang installations. Color shall be selected by the Architect.
- 2.5 FINISHES
 - A. Device Color:
 - 1. Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: As selected by Architect unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70 or device listing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1, including mounting heights listed in that standard, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Coordination with Other Trades:
 - 1. Keep outlet boxes free of mortar, cement, concrete, dust, paint, and other material that may contaminate the raceway system, conductors, and cables.
 - 2. Install wiring devices after any required painting, is complete.
- C. Conductors:
 - 1. Do not strip insulation from conductors until right before they are spliced or terminated on devices.
 - 2. Strip insulation evenly around the conductor using tools designed for the purpose. Avoid scoring or nicking of solid wire or cutting strands from stranded wire.
 - 3. The length of free conductors at outlets for devices shall meet provisions of NFPA 70, Article 300, without pigtails.
 - 4. Existing Conductors:
 - a. Cut back and pigtail, or replace all damaged conductors.
 - b. Straighten conductors that remain and remove corrosion and foreign matter.
 - c. Pigtailing existing conductors is permitted, provided the outlet box is large enough.
- D. Device Installation:
 - 1. Replace devices that have been in temporary use during construction and that were installed before building finishing operations were complete.
 - 2. Keep each wiring device in its package or otherwise protected until it is time to connect conductors.
 - 3. Do not remove surface protection, such as plastic film and smudge covers, until the last possible moment.
 - 4. Connect devices to branch circuits using pigtails that are not less than 6 inches (152 mm) in length.
 - 5. When there is a choice, use side wiring with binding-head screw terminals. Wrap solid conductor tightly clockwise, two-thirds to three-fourths of the way around terminal screw.
 - 6. Use a torque screwdriver when a torque is recommended or required by manufacturer.
 - 7. When conductors larger than No. 12 AWG are installed on 15- or 20-A circuits, splice No. 12 AWG pigtails for device connections.
 - 8. Tighten unused terminal screws on the device.
 - 9. When mounting into metal boxes, remove the fiber or plastic washers used to hold device-mounting screws in yokes, allowing metal-to-metal contact.
- E. Receptacle Orientation:
 - 1. Install ground pin of vertically mounted receptacles up, and on horizontally mounted receptacles to the right.
- F. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical and with grounding terminal of receptacles on top.

3.2 GFCI RECEPTACLES

A. Install non-feed-through-type GFCI receptacles where protection of downstream receptacles is not required.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Comply with Section 26 05 53 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
- B. Identify each receptacle with panelboard identification and circuit number. Use hot, stamped, or engraved machine printing with black-filled lettering on face of plate, and durable wire markers or tags inside outlet boxes.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Test Instruments: Use instruments that comply with UL 1436.
 - 2. Test Instrument for Convenience Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated digital-display indicators of measurement.
- B. Tests for Convenience Receptacles:
 - 1. Line Voltage: Acceptable range is 105 to 132 V.
 - 2. Percent Voltage Drop under 15-A Load: A value of 6 percent or higher is unacceptable.
 - 3. Ground Impedance: Values of up to 2 ohms are acceptable.
 - 4. GFCI Trip: Test for tripping values specified in UL 1436 and UL 943.
 - 5. Using the test plug, verify that the device and its outlet box are securely mounted.
 - 6. Tests shall be diagnostic, indicating damaged conductors, high resistance at the circuit breaker, poor connections, inadequate fault current path, defective devices, or similar problems. Correct circuit conditions remove malfunctioning units and replace them with new ones, and retest as specified above.
- C. Wiring device will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.